

Agent Among Arab Nahawists, Its Types and Faults, A descriptive Analytical Study

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ABSTRACT:

This research deals with an issue that minded old traditional grammarians and scholars. It is the agent in Arabic language which represents a debatable issue among them. Some of them evidenced that it could act as an item that affect sound movement such as Ibn Jinni. Others denied it such as Qurtubi. It became clear that as the researcher found out, the agent has familiarly grown up in Arabic language Nahu, and is classically well connected with Eraab Odds. This is due to the fact that the agent is a meaning speech indicator and helps in making easy the learning process of Arabic language. Through indication of Eraab makers. Arab agreed upon the two types of agents; verbal and moral. Basrians introduced the agent function and did the logical model in accordance with language logic and system. Koofians on the other hand considered the linguistic reality as a fundamental base for modeling, as the consider meaning rather than form. One of the faults with the agent in the Arabic language is its influenced with Greek logic, especially in the third and the fourth centuries grammarians, but that influence was on the purpose of keeping safe the Holy Quran away from being wrongly memorized, read or deviated.

Keywords: Eraab markers, eraab odds, nahawi agent.